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| Environmental Monitoring and Prediction System |
| Software Design Specification |
|  |
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| **7/28/2024** |

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# System Overview

## Problem Statement

Climate change has led to an increase in the severity and a decrease in the predictability of weather. It is imperative for the safety of communities and the functioning of our society that a system be created to monitor, predict, and communicate both short and long term environmental conditions to experts and the public.

## System Functionalities

The EMPS system will collect a variety of environmental data points and process it for use in creating environmental models and for input in prediction algorithms. It will also provide a way for the user to visualize the data collected and processed, as well as the models and predictions created using the data.

## Target Users

1. Research Institutions
   * Collect data to use for research
   * Analyze data to find short and long term trends
   * Use predictions and models as sources for research
2. Local Communities and Governments
   * Information on current and short term weather conditions to make public safety decisions
   * Use models for disaster preparation
3. Large Government Agencies (State or Federal)
   * Access to relevant and accurate information to use in policymaking and setting regulations
   * Access to accurate models for weather events such as hurricanes and tornadoes to assist in disaster preparedness
4. General Public
   * Access to accurate short term weather forecasts for day-to-day planning of life
   * Access to accurate models of potential disasters for personal safety
5. Non-Government Industry and Business
   * Accurate weather models and predictions in order to optimize business operations and use of resources

## Business Goals

1. Support Decision Making: Provide data and predictive models to help decision makers make informed decisions about public safety, policy making, and business decisions.
2. Improve Risk Management: Provide accurate models and predictive capabilities to mitigate the effects of large scale natural disasters on the people, infrastructure, and operations of a community.
3. Facilitate Research and Development: Support Research and Development efforts by providing data and models that display the short and long term effects of Climate Change.
4. Enhance Environmental Sustainability: Provide accurate environmental readings and weather models to highlight and encourage the need for sustainable practices in industries.
5. Build Partnerships: Work with industries and governments at all levels to incorporate the EMPS system for mutual benefit.

## Non-Functional Requirements

1. Performance:
   * The system shall be able to scale horizontally to add new sensors or stations and vertically to handle increased data volume as the system grows
   * The system shall have an average response time of no more than 30 seconds for data retrievals from the database and no more than 5 minutes for generating models or predictive patterns
   * The system shall be able to handle a data throughput of up to 2 Gbps
2. Maintainability:
   * The system shall be designed with low coupling and high modularity to allow systems to be substituted out in the future
   * The system shall maintain up to date documentation on both how the system works and how it is used by users
   * The system shall maintain comprehensive unit and integration tests that follow industry standards
3. Reliability:
   * The system shall be designed to handle faults gracefully to minimize downtime of the system
   * The system shall be available no less than 98% of the time during regular business hours in the area where it is deployed
4. Usability:
   * The system shall have an intuitive User Interface that follows industry standard design principles and allows for clear navigation and an organized layout.

# Use Cases

## Actors

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Type | Actor | Goal Description |
| Primary | User | Register with the system and use the system’s base functionality. |
|  | System Manager | Configure system for deployed environment. |
| Supporting | Algorithms Server | Process data collected in the system to generate predictive models. |
|  | Database | Stores data collected by system for use both in the system and outside of it. |
| Offstage | Emergency Response Agencies | Use Models and Predictions for disaster prep and warnings. |
|  | Government Officials | Use the system to create predictive models for disaster preparations and relief. |
|  | Academic Institutions | Use the system and the data it collects for academic and research purposes. |

## Use Cases

### Register with System

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Section | Description |
| Use Case Name | Register with System |
| Goal in Context | The user creates an account to use the system |
| Scope | System |
| Level | User-Goal |
| Primary Actor | User |
| Stakeholders and Interests | All users who wish to use the system |
| Preconditions | The system is installed and running in the user’s environment |
| Success Guarantee | The user creates an account and can log into the system |
| Main Success Scenario | 1. User navigates to registration page 2. User enters registration information 3. System validates Registration Information 4. System creates account and displays success message to User 5. User logs in. |
| Extensions | Registration Information is invalid  3a. System prompts user to enter valid Registration Information  Account Creation Fails  4c. System displays error to user and prompts them to start registration process over. |
| Special Requirements | Availability: Account Creation (step 4) should succeed 99% of the time |

### Collect Environmental Data

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Section | Description |
| Use Case Name | Collect Environmental Data |
| Goal in Context | The user collects real time environmental data from the system |
| Scope | System |
| Level | User-Goal |
| Primary Actor | User |
| Stakeholders and Interests | Users who wish to collect real time data for study. |
| Preconditions | The system is installed and running and the user is logged in. |
| Success Guarantee | The system displays all available real time data |
| Main Success Scenario | 1. User navigates to the data collection page 2. User selects sensor to get data from 3. User selects “Collect data” 4. System collects data and saves it to database 5. System displays requested data to the User |
| Extensions | Data Collection Fails  4c. System displays error to user  Save to Database Fails  4d. System collects data  5d. System displays data to user with database error |
| Special Requirements | Availability: Data Collection should succeed 95% of the time  Performance: Data collection should average no longer than 5s |

### Set an Alert

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Section | Description |
| Use Case Name | Set an Alert |
| Goal in Context | The user configures the system to send an alert to their email if a reading meets a specified threshold |
| Scope | System |
| Level | User-Goal |
| Primary Actor | User |
| Stakeholders and Interests | Users who wish to be notified for certain data readings |
| Preconditions | The system is installed and running and the user is logged in. |
| Success Guarantee | The system is configured to send alerts when data that matches the threshold is collected |
| Main Success Scenario | 1. User navigates to home page 2. User selects create alert option 3. System displays alert creation form 4. User enters alert information, including alert threshold 5. User selects save alert 6. System saves alert 7. System sends email to user when alert threshold is reached upon data collection |
| Extensions | User Enters invalid threshold  4a System shows error around threshold and prompts user to enter a valid threshold  System fails to save Alert  7a. System displays error to user and prompts them to try again |
| Special Requirements | Availability: Alert should be sent when data reaches threshold 99.9% of the time |

### Configure New Sensor

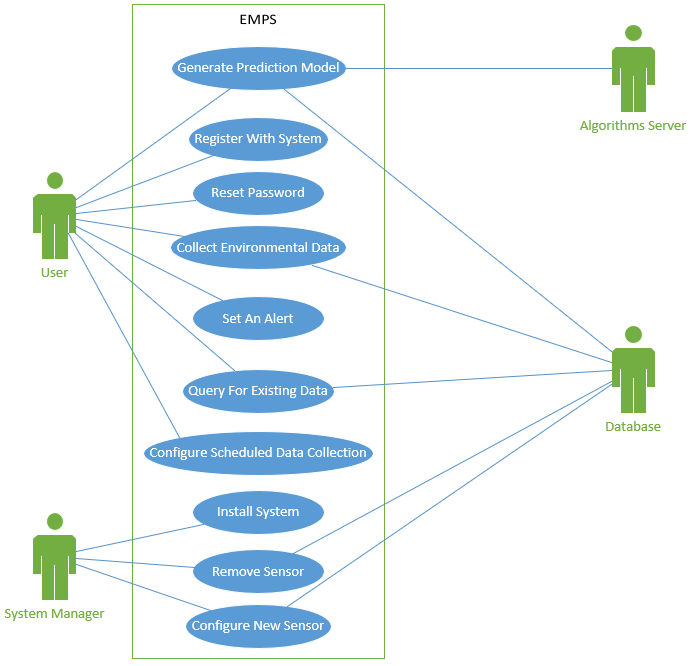
|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Section | Description |
| Use Case Name | Configure New Sensor |
| Goal in Context | The system manager configures the system to communicate with a new sensor. |
| Scope | System |
| Level | User-Goal |
| Primary Actor | System Manager |
| Stakeholders and Interests | System Manger wishes to add new sensors to system to broaden the scope of data that can be collected  Users who wish to have more data points available to them |
| Preconditions | The system is installed and running in the System Manager’s environment, and the sensor is deployed and hooked in to the same network as the system. |
| Success Guarantee | The system can collect data from the new sensor |
| Main Success Scenario | 1. System Manager logs into system with their admin credentials 2. System Manager selects “Add New Sensor” 3. System displays sensor form 4. System Manager enters information into form 5. System Manager selects “Create Sensor” 6. System creates the sensor object and pings it for data 7. System adds new sensor to database and migrates data if needed 8. System shows success message to System Manger |
| Extensions | System Manager Credentials are Invalid  1a System displays login error to System Manager  System Cannot Collect Data from New Sensor  6b. System displays data collection error to System Manager and new sensor is not added  System cannot migrate database  7c. System displays database error to System Manager and new sensor is not created |
| Special Requirements | Performance: Creating a new sensor and migrating the database should average no longer than 3m |

### Generate Prediction Model

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Section | Description |
| Use Case Name | Generate Prediction Model |
| Goal in Context | The user generates weather prediction models with the system. |
| Scope | System |
| Level | User-Goal |
| Primary Actor | User |
| Stakeholders and Interests | User wishes to view predictive models |
| Preconditions | The system is installed and running and the user is logged in and the proper data is in the database. |
| Success Guarantee | The system displays predictive models |
| Main Success Scenario | 1. User selects “Generate Model” on homepage 2. System displays model generation form 3. User selects model type and region 4. System queries for data needed 5. User selects “Generate Model” 6. Algorithms server uses data to generate model and sends the model to the system 7. System displays model to the User |
| Extensions | Insufficient Data for Model Generation  6a. System displays insufficient data error and lists missing data  Algorithms Server Fail  6b. Algorithms Server sends error to System  7b. System displays generation failure error to User |
| Special Requirements | Availability: Connection to the Algorithms server should be available 99% of the time |

**NOTE:** Other Use Cases found in the use case diagram are not detailed here. This is not a comprehensive view of the system, just an example using its core functionality.

## Use Case Diagram



# Domain Model

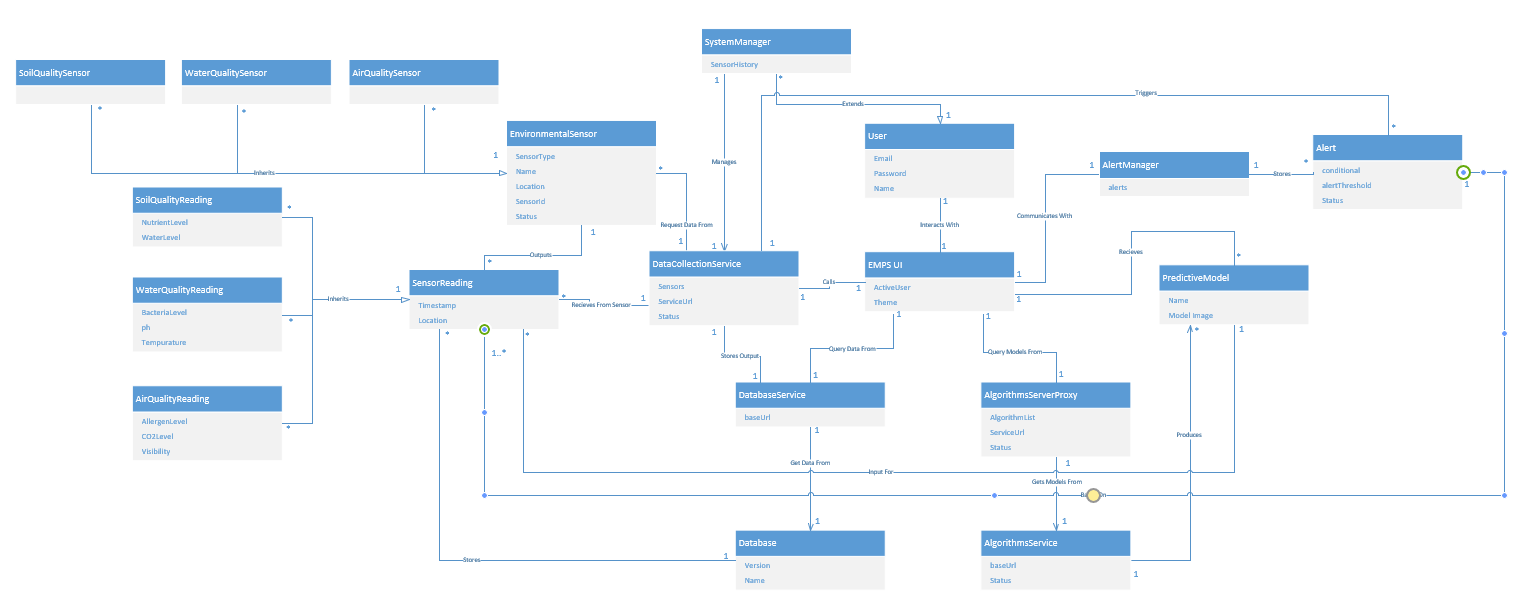
## Conceptual Classes

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Conceptual Class Category** | **Example from EMPS** |
| **Physical or Tangible Objects** | Environmental Sensors, EMPS UI, Soil Quality Sensor, Water Quality Sensor, Air Quality Sensor |
| **Specifications, Designs or Descriptions of Things** | Sensor Readings, Stored Data (from DB), User Account, Success Message, Sensor Data Type, Alert, Predictive Model, Data Query, System, Soil Quality Reading, Air Quality Reading, Water Quality Reading |
| **Places** | Region |
| Transactions | Registration |
| Transaction Line Items | Registration Information, Alert Information |
| **Roles of People** | User, User Data Admin, System Manager |
| **Containers of Other Things** | Registration Page, Data Collection Page, Home Page |
| **Things in a Container** | Stored Data |
| **Other Computers/Systems (external)** | Database, Algorithms Server |
| **Abstract Noun Concepts** | Account Creation Error, Data Collection Error, Database Error, Data Fields, Login Error, Insufficient Data Error, Generation Failure Error, Database Service, Algorithms Server Proxy, Alert Manager |
| **Organizations** | Government Agencies, Research Centers |
| **Events** | Data Collection |
| **Processes** | Model Generation |
| **Rules and Policies** | - |
| **Catalogs** | - |
| **Records of Finance, Work, Contracts, Legal Matters, etc.** | - |
| **Financial Instruments and Services** | - |
| **Manuals, Books, Documents, Reference Papers** | - |

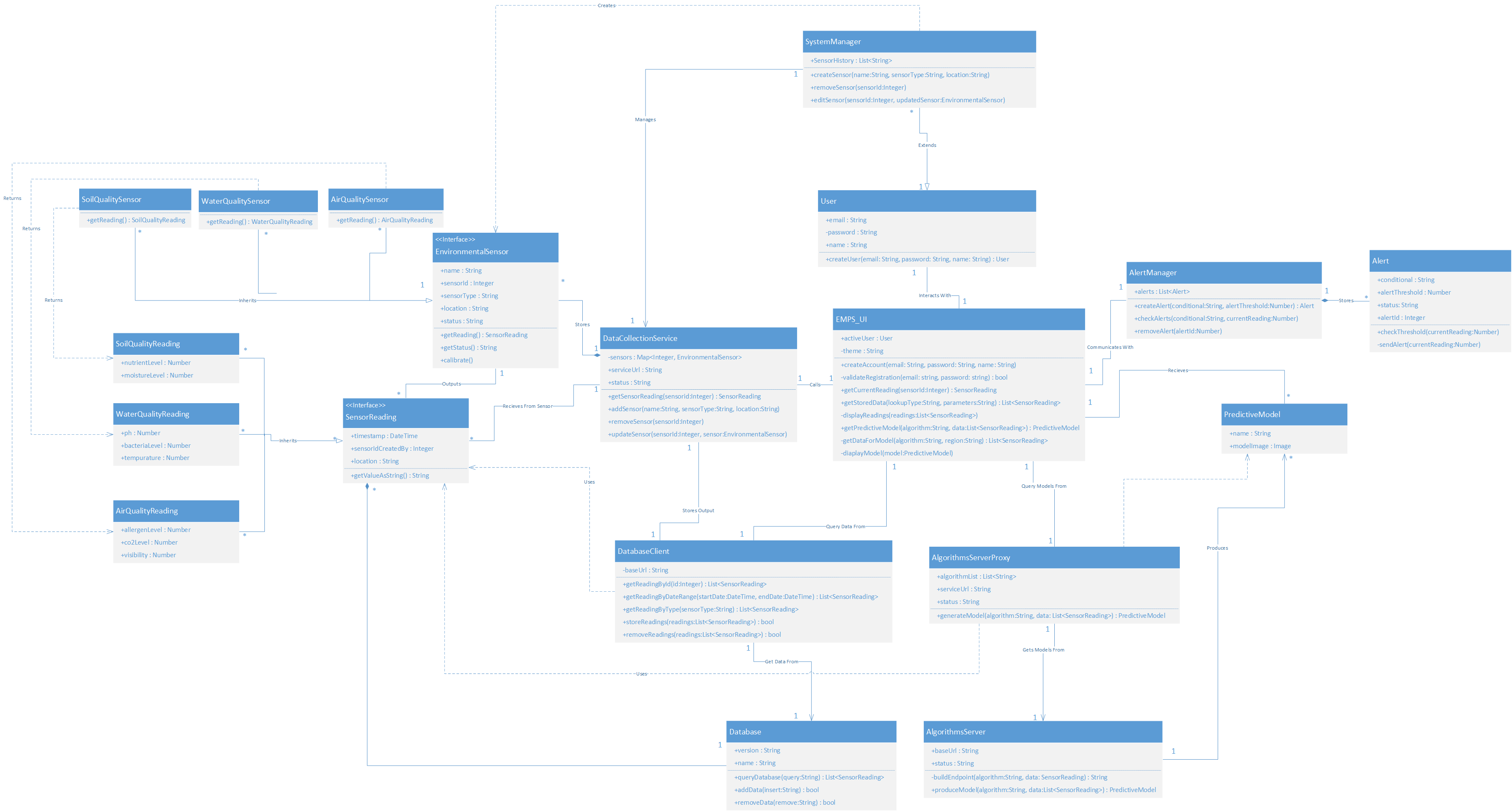
### Class Pruning

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Good Classes (Retained) | Bad Classes (Pruned) - Reasoning |
| Environmental Sensors | Stored Data - Redundant |
| EMPS UI | User Account - Redundant |
| Sensor Readings | Success Message – Implementation Specific |
| Alert | Sensor Data Type - Attribute |
| Predictive Model | Data Query – Implementation Specific |
| User | System – Vague |
| System Manager | Region – Attribute |
| Database | Registration - Vague |
| Algorithms Server | Registration Page – Implementation Specific |
| Data Collection | Data Collection Page – Implementation Specific |
| Air Quality Sensor | Home Page – Implementation Specific |
| Water Quality Sensor | Account Creation Error - Irrelevant |
| Soil Quality Sensor | Data Collection Error - Irrelevant |
| Soil Quality Reading | Database Error - Irrelevant |
| Air Quality Reading | Data Fields - Irrelevant |
| Water Quality Reading | Login Error - Irrelevant |
| Database Service | Insufficient Data Error - Irrelevant |
| Algorithms Server Proxy | Generation Failure Error - Irrelevant |
| Alert Manger | Model Generation - Attribute |
|  | Registration Information – Attributes (User Metadata) |
|  | Alert Information - Attributes |
|  | Government Agencies - Irrelevant |
|  | Research Centers - Irrelevant |
|  | User Data Admin - Irrelevant |

## Domain Model Diagram



# Class Diagram

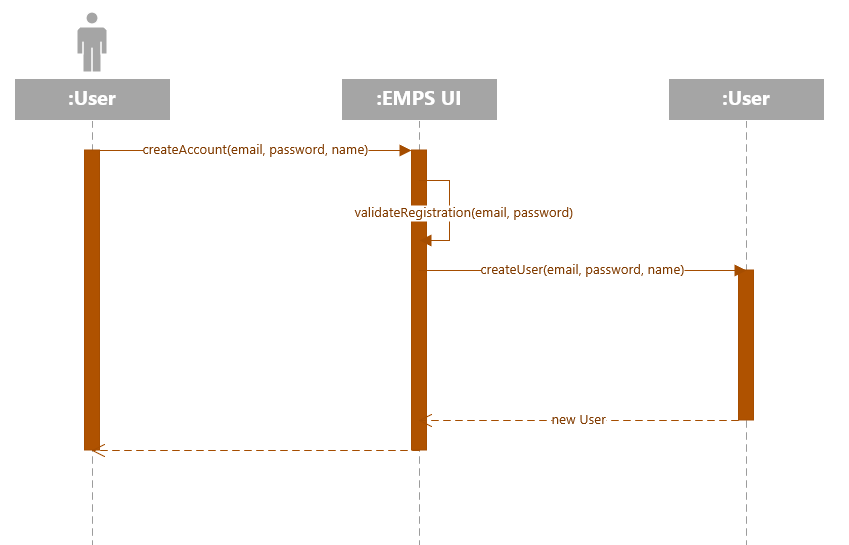


# Sequence Diagrams and Systems Operations Contracts

## Use Case: Register with System

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Field | Description |
| Name: | Create Account |
| Responsibilities: | Create a new User Account |
| Type: | System |
| Cross Reference: | Use Case: Register with System |
| Notes: | N/A |
| Exceptions: | If the user provides invalid information, indicate an error. |
| Output: | None |
| Pre-conditions: | The System is installed and running |
| Post-Conditions: | A new User account is created |

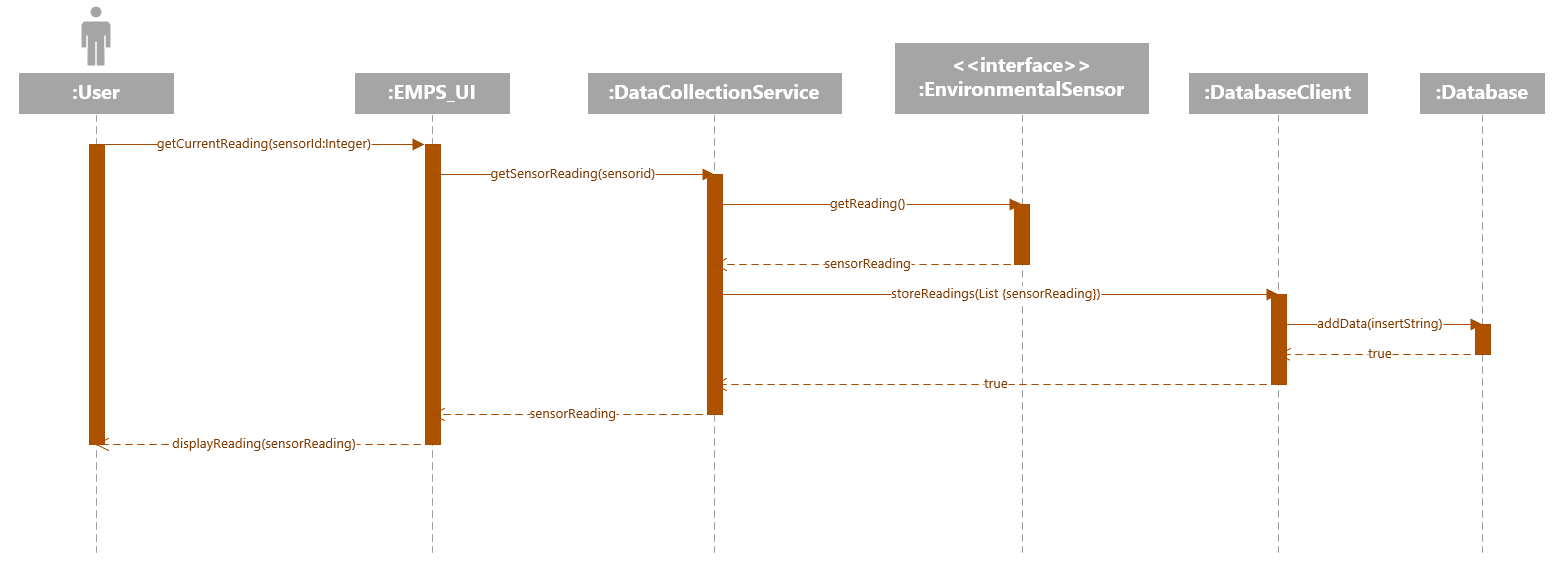
### Sequence Diagram



## Collect Environmental Data

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Field | Description |
| Name: | Get Current Reading |
| Responsibilities: | Retrieve a Sensor Reading of the current sensor value |
| Type: | System |
| Cross Reference: | Use Case: Collect Environmental Data |
| Notes: | N/A |
| Exceptions: | * If the sensor fails, indicate sensor error * If Sensor passes but save to database fails, indicate database error, but still return reading |
| Output: | None |
| Pre-conditions: | The User is logged in to the System  There are available sensors configured with the system. |
| Post-Conditions: | A new Sensor Reading is created and added to the database |

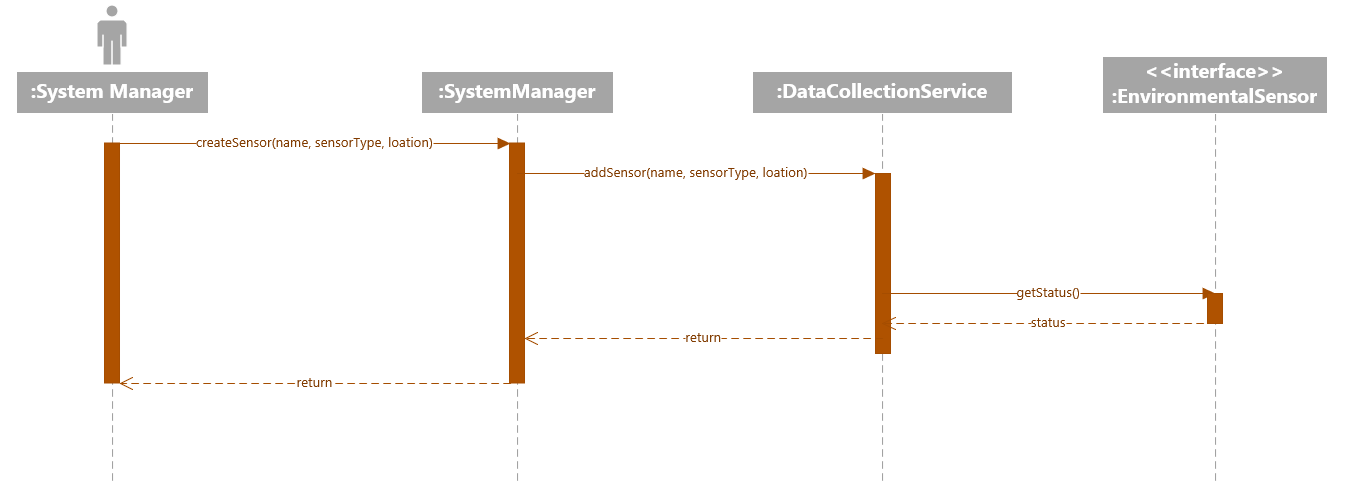
### Sequence Diagram



## Configure New Sensor

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Field | Description |
| Name: | Create Sensor |
| Responsibilities: | Create a New Sensor to add to the system |
| Type: | System |
| Cross Reference: | Use Case: Configure New Sensor |
| Notes: | N/A |
| Exceptions: | * If the sensor creation fails, indicate sensor error * If the sensor is added but not operational, indicate error |
| Output: | None |
| Pre-conditions: | The User is logged in to the System as a System Manager |
| Post-Conditions: | A new Sensor is created and added to the list of available sensors |

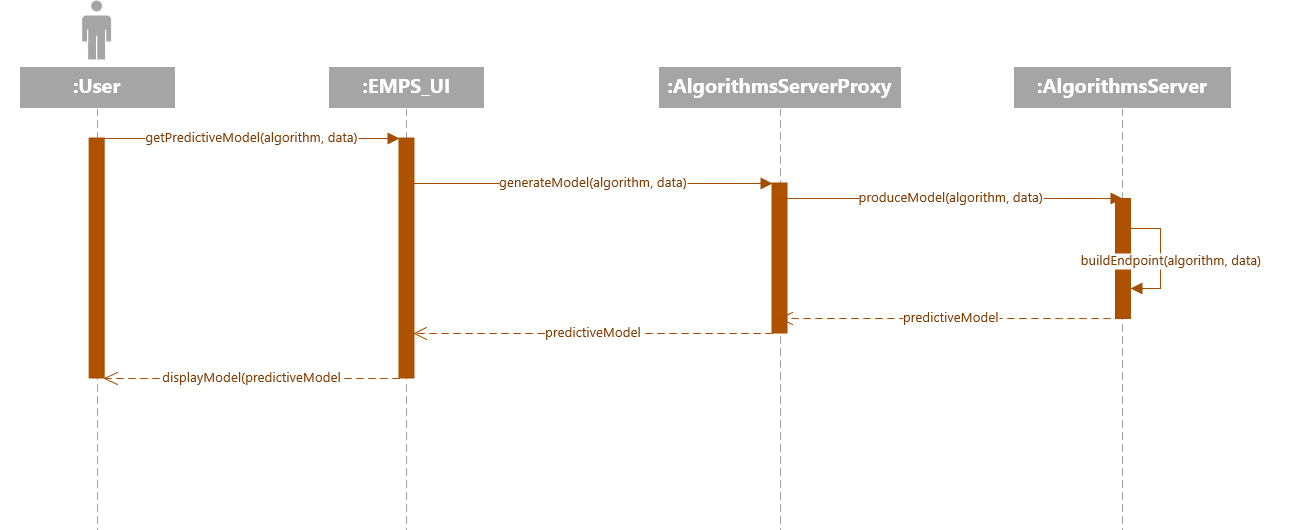
### Sequence Diagram



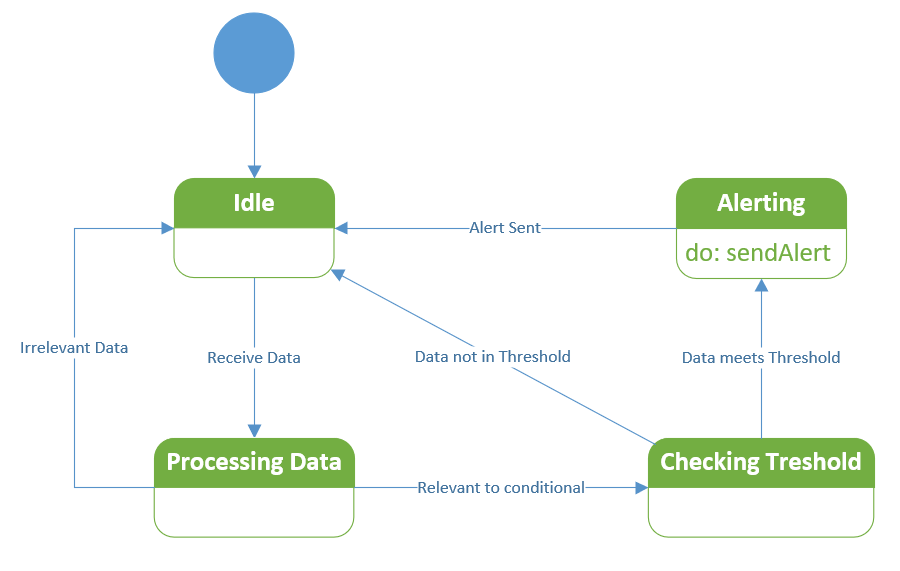
## Generate Predication Model

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Field | Description |
| Name: | Get Predictive Model |
| Responsibilities: | Generate a Predictive Model using data |
| Type: | System |
| Cross Reference: | Use Case: Generate Prediction Model |
| Notes: | N/A |
| Exceptions: | * If connection to server fails, indicate error * If model generation fails, indicate error |
| Output: | Predictive Model |
| Pre-conditions: | The User is logged in to the System  The user has collected the proper dataset needed to generate the model |
| Post-Conditions: | A predictive model is generated and displayed to the user |

### Sequence Diagram



# State Diagram



## Description

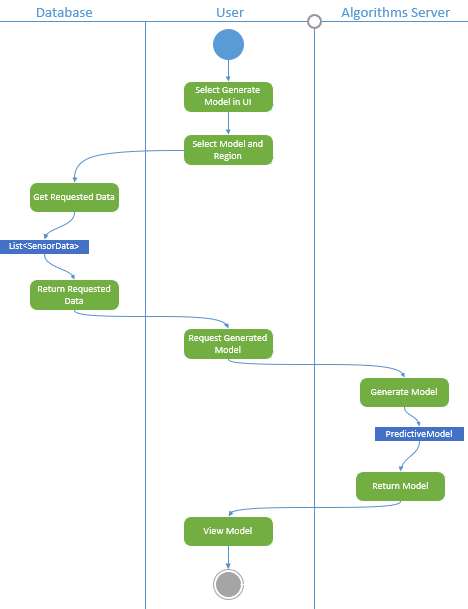
The above diagram represents the different states of the Alert Object. Initially, it starts in an idle state, waiting to receive data.

When data is received, it moves to a processing state. This state determines if the data type is relevant to the alert, that is, does the conditional of the alert pertain to this data type. For example, if an alert that is tracking the water temperature in a water quality sensor receives a piece of air quality data, that data is deemed irrelevant. If data is irrelevant, the alert returns to an idle state.

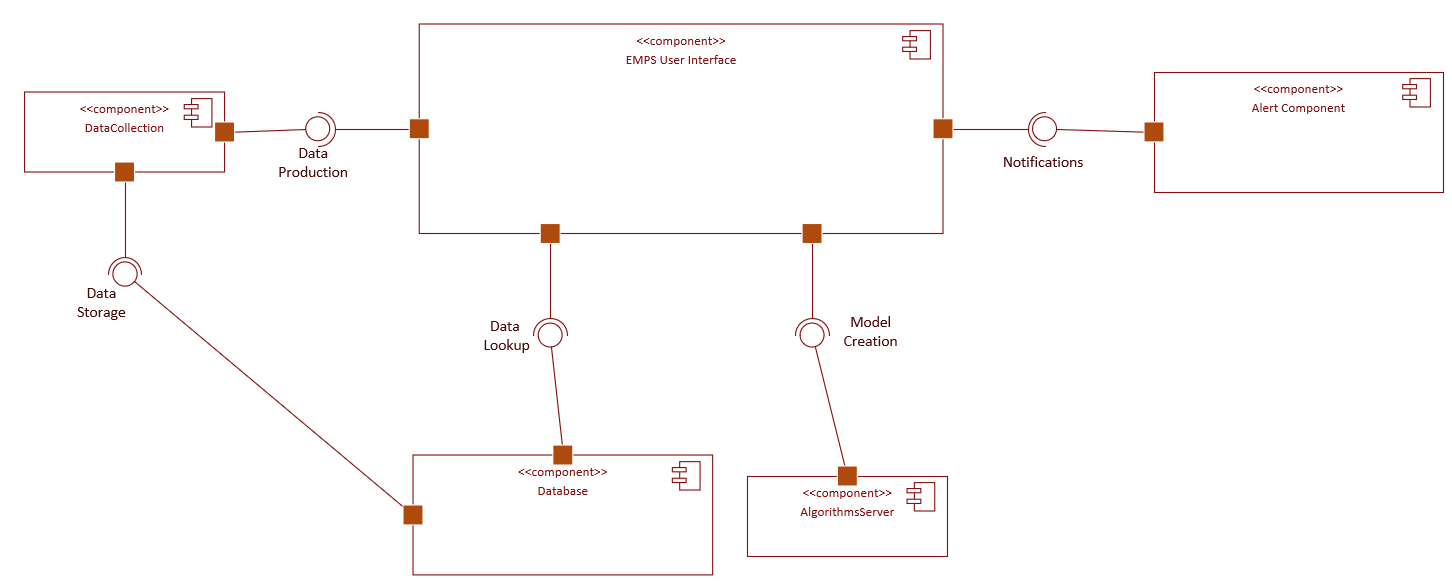
If data is relevant, it moves to a threshold check state. In this state, the Alert checks if the data falls within the specified threshold. If it is not, the Alert returns to the idle sate.

If the data does fall within the threshold, the Alert moves to the Alerting state. Here, an Alert is sent to notify the user that data has followed within the specified alert threshold. Once the alert is sent, the Alert returns to the idle state.

# Activity Diagram



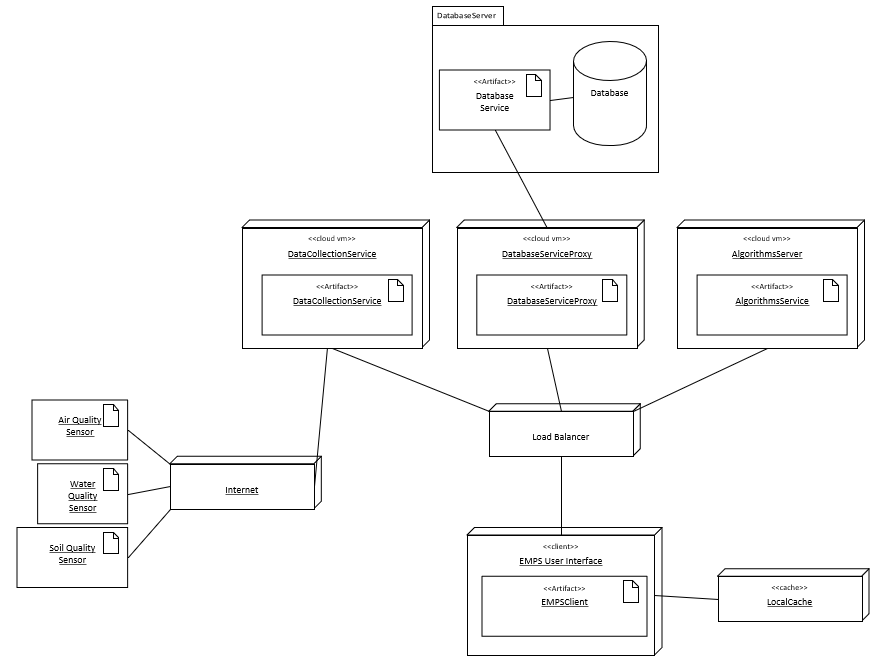
# Component Diagram



## Description

The EMPS system consists of 5 major components. The UI is the central component that the User uses to interact with the other components. The Data Collection component provides an interface for producing new data and has a receiving interface for storing that data. The Database component provides the UI with an interface for data lookup. The Algorithms Server component provides an interface for creating models. Finally, the Alert Component provides a notification system to the UI. These components can be swapped out with minimal damage done to the system around them, since coupling between components is low.

# Deployment Diagram



## Description

The EMPS consists of three main microservices deployed on cloud VMs that communicate with the EMPS Client via a Load Balancer. These services correspond to the Algorithms Service, Data Collection Service, and a Database Proxy Service. The Data Collection Service is also connected via the internet with a variety of physical sensors spread out around the world. This service communicates with these sensors to collect data. This data is retrieved by the client through the service. The Database Service Proxy communicates with a database located on an external server. The proxy makes calls to the local database service deployed alongside the database. The proxy contains generic endpoints (create, update, delete, get) that will need minimal changes if the database is migrated.

A Load Balancer is used to balance traffic to these services from the various clients. Load Balancing is important since many clients may be attempting to use the services simultaneously. Availability of the system needs to be optimizes so that a service isn’t overloaded with traffic.

A Local Cache is also used by the Client. This may be especially helpful for users who are attempting to generate many different weather models for the same area. Many of these models may use the same data, so storing that data in the cache shortens retrieval and limits the amount of visits to the Database.

# Skeleton Diagrams and Database Tables

Skeleton Diagrams and Database tables for the EMPS can be found in the repository under their respective folders.